Structural Order for One-Scale and Two-Scale Potentials

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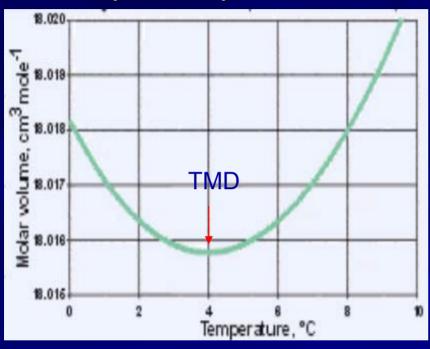
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For details see: Phys. Rev. Lett. 95, 130604 (Sep, 2005)

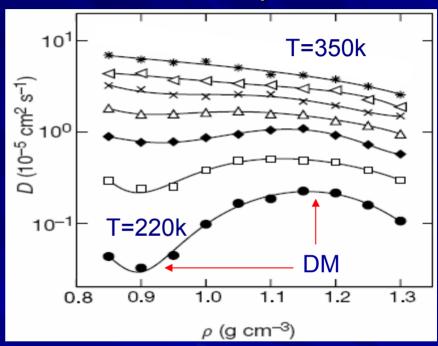
Motivation: anomalies of water

Density anomaly of water



TMD: Temperature of Maximum Density

Diffusion anomaly of water



DM: Diffusion Maximum/Minimum

Recent Finding in water: structural anomaly coupled with density and diffusion anomaly

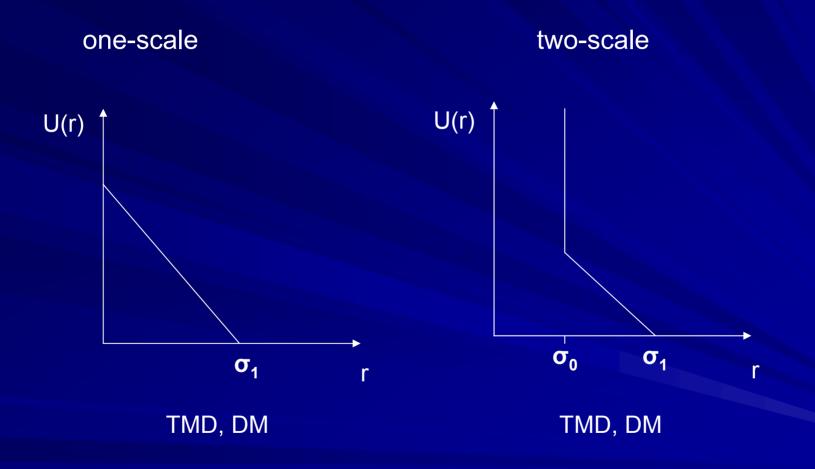
Questions?

1. Are the strong orientational tetrahedral interactions necessary for water anomalies ?

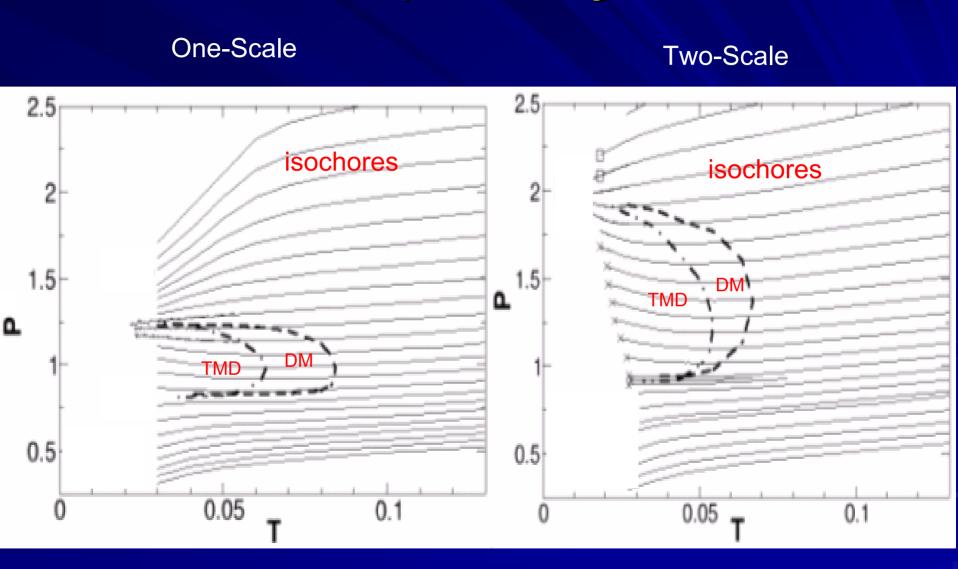
2. Can we find water-like anomalies in simple liquids (monatomic model with simple potential)?

If YES, then what features should be present in the potential in order to get water-like anomalies?

The models: one-scale and two-scale ramp potentials



Result: phase diagrams



Region of DM encloses the region of TMD

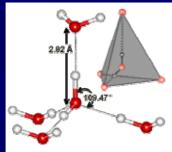
What about the structural anomaly?

How to quantify structural order

Two basic types of order:

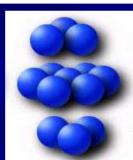
■. Orientational order: degree to adopt specific local structure (space angle)

Water: tetrahedrality,



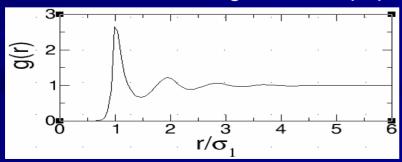
$$q = 1 - \frac{3}{8} \sum_{j=1}^{3} \sum_{k=j+1}^{4} \left(\cos \psi_{jk} + \frac{1}{3} \right)^{2}$$

Ramp potential: FCC



$$Q_{\ell i} \equiv \left[\frac{4\pi}{2\ell + 1} \sum_{m=-\ell}^{m=\ell} |\overline{Y}_{\ell m}|^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

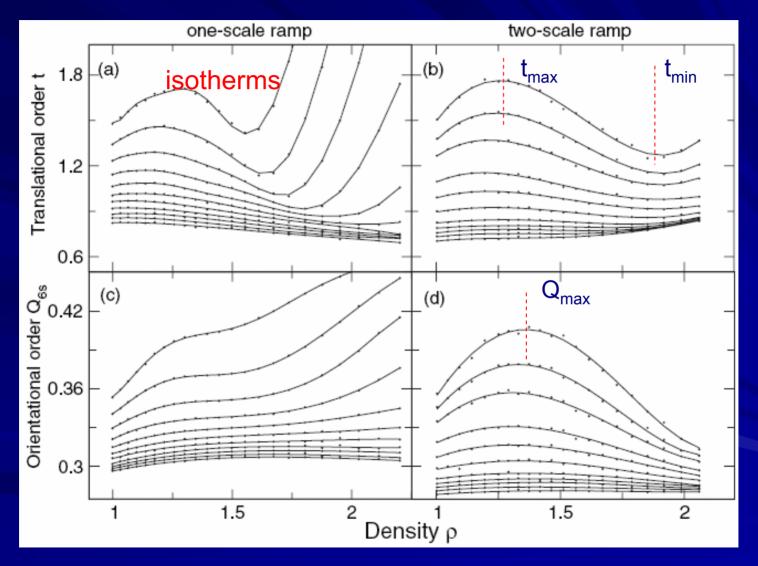
Translational order t: degree to adopt preferential separations (distance)



$$t \equiv \int_0^{r_c} \left| g(r) - 1 \right| dr$$

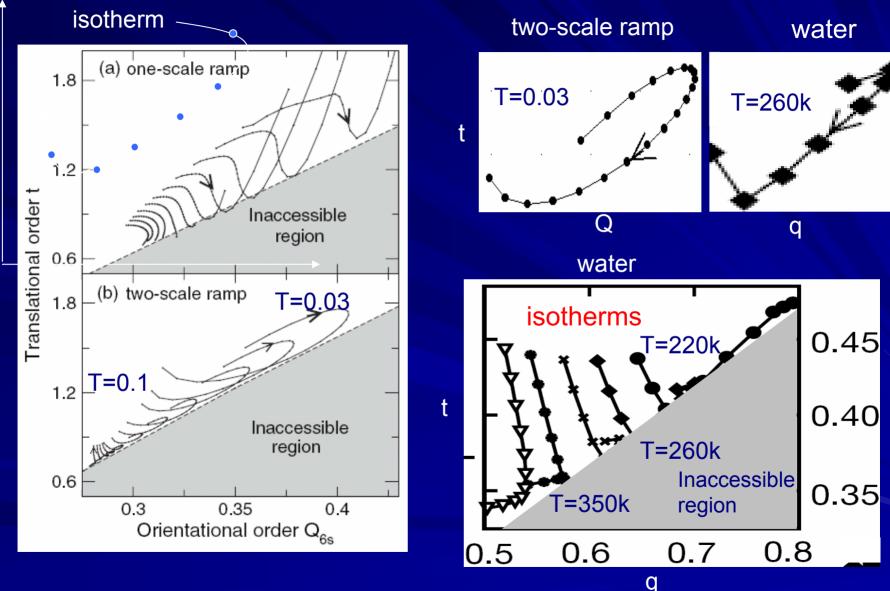
The value increases with increasing order

Result: structural order for ramp potentials



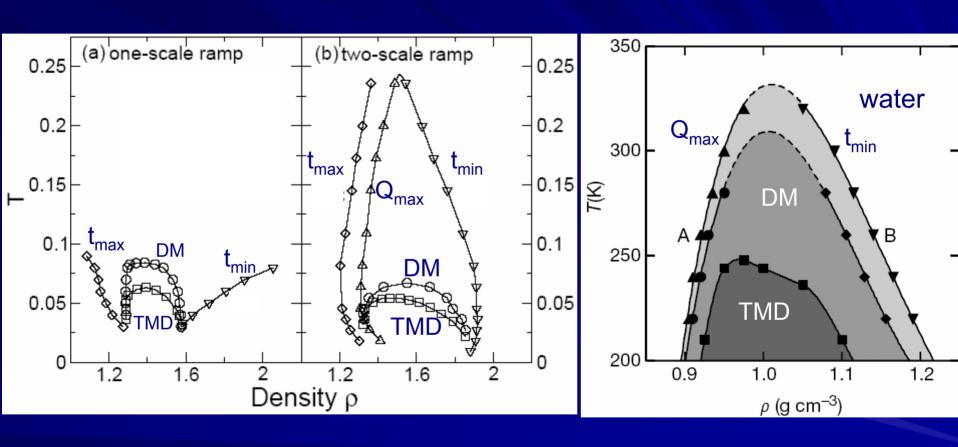
t_{max} and t_{min} for both one-scale and two-scale, Q_{max} only for two-scale ramp

Result: order maps



Two-scale ramp order map is similar to water

Result: anomalous regions of density, diffusion and structure



Two-scale ramp is similar to water

Summary and Conclusion

1. Are the strong orientational tetrahedral interactions necessary for water anomalies ?

Not necessary

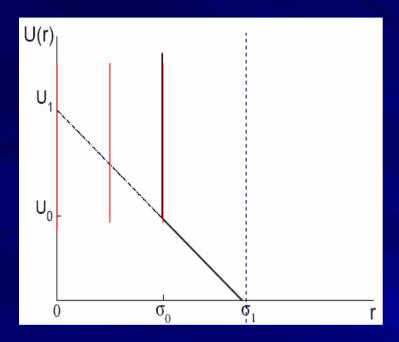
2. Can we find water-like anomalies in simple liquids with simple potentials?

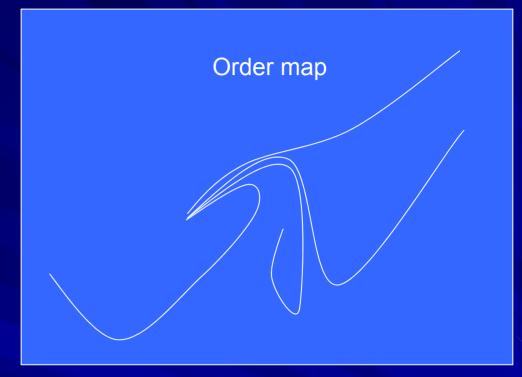
yes

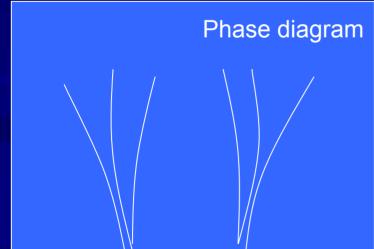
If YES, then what features should be present in the potential in order to get water-like anomalies?

It suggests that the water-like behavior is related to two characteristic repulsive length scales in potentials.

More







Thank you!